

GREEN REVIEW HW #6 : Test 2 #31, 32 and Test 3 #4-7,9-11

Test 2 #31

$f(x) = \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^x + 3$

Y-intercept: (0, 4)

No x-intercepts

End behavior: As $x \rightarrow -\infty$, $f(x) \rightarrow \infty$ and as $x \rightarrow \infty$, $f(x) \rightarrow 3$

Test 2 #32

Complex/Imaginary Roots

$$x^2 - 6x + k = 0$$

$$x = \frac{-b \pm \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}{2a}$$

$$b^2 - 4ac < 0$$

$$(-6)^2 - 4(1)(k) < 0$$

$$36 - 4k < 0$$

$$36 < 4k$$

$$9 < k$$

CHOICE (1)

Test 3 #4

$$(8x^4y^6)^{1/3} = \sqrt[3]{8x^4y^6}$$

$$= \sqrt[3]{8x^3x^1y^6}$$

perfect cubes

$$= 2xy^2\sqrt[3]{x}$$

CHOICE (2)

Test 3 #5

$$(\sqrt{x-1})^2 = (x-7)^2$$

$$x-1 = x^2 - 14x + 49$$

$$0 = x^2 - 15x + 50$$

$$0 = (x-10)(x-5)$$

$x=10$ | $x=5$ reject

$\sqrt{10-1} = 10-7$ | $\sqrt{5-1} = 5-7$

$3=3\checkmark$ | $2=-2$

CHOICE (4)

$(x-7)(x-7) = x^2 - 14x + 49$

Test 3 #6

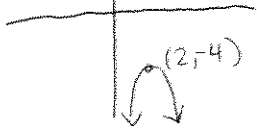
on graphing calculator

CHOICE (3)

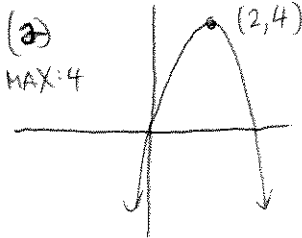
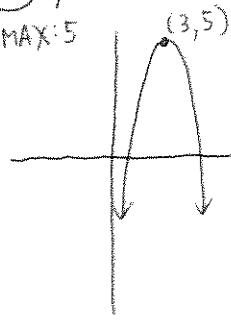
Test 3 # 7

(1) $x^2 + y = 4x - 8$
 $y = -x^2 + 4x - 8$

MAX: -4



(3) $y = -(x-3)^2 + 5$
 MAX: 5



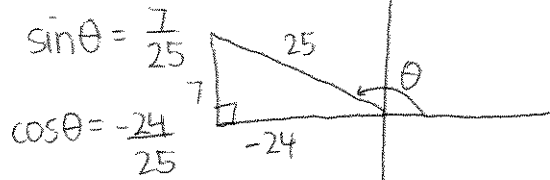
(4)

X	Y
3	-1
4	2
5	3
6	2
7	-1

MAX: 3

CHOICE (3)

Test 3 #9



$\tan \theta = \frac{OPP}{ADJ}$ OR $\tan \theta = \frac{\sin \theta}{\cos \theta}$
 $= \frac{7}{-24}$ $\tan \theta = \frac{\frac{7}{25}}{\frac{-24}{25}}$
 $= \frac{7}{-24}$

CHOICE (2)

Test 3 #10

$P(x) = \frac{(x^2-5)}{\sqrt{x^2-5}} \frac{(x^2+4)}{\sqrt{x^2+4}} \frac{(x^2+10)}{\sqrt{x^2+10}} \frac{(2x+6)}{2x+6}$

$\sqrt{x^2-5}$	$\sqrt{x^2+4}$	$\sqrt{x^2+10}$	$2x+6$
$x = \pm\sqrt{5}$	$x = \pm 2i$	$x = \pm\sqrt{10}$	$x = -3$
2 Irrational	2 complex	2 complex	1 Rational

4 complex roots

CHOICE (4)

Test 3 #11

Elimination Method

$x+2y+z=3$ (1)
 $+ 2x+y+z=0$ (2)

$3x+3y=3$

$x+2y-z=3$
 $x+2y+z=5$

$2x+4y=8$

$-2(3x+3y=3) \rightarrow -6x-6y=-6$
 $3(2x+4y=8) + 6x+12y=24$

$6y=18$
 $y=3$

CHOICE (3)

$3x+3y=3$
 $3x+3(3)=3$
 $3x+9=3$
 $3x=-6$
 $x=-2$

$x+2y-z=3$
 $-2+2(3)-z=3$
 $-2+6-z=3$
 $4-z=3$
 $z=1$